GIRIJANANDA CHOWDHURY UNIVERSITY, ASSAM SYLLABUS

BACHELOR OF ARTS IN JOURNALISM & MASS COMMUNICATION

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs):

- 1. Demonstrate a thorough understanding of foundational concepts and awareness of societal challenges.
- 2. Demonstrate procedural knowledge and skills in areas related to one's specialization and current developments, including a critical understanding of the latest developments in the area of specialization, and an ability to use established techniques of analysis and enquiry within the area of specialization.
- 3. Apply knowledge-based ideas and quantitative and qualitative approaches to address complex real-world concerns.
- 4. Develop research skills, identifying problems, reviewing literature, and analyzing issues efficiently.
- 5. Employ interdisciplinary approaches, explore various perspectives, and reach evidence-based conclusions.
- 6. Effectively communicate and use ICT in a variety of academic and professional settings.

- 7. Foster critical thinking, creativity, and innovation, as well as language literacy, for the goal of professional development and career advancement.
- 8. Incorporate moral standards, ethical ideals, and cultural sensitivity to promote diversity and empathy towards marginalized communities.
- 9. Promote environmental responsibility in support of sustainable development goals.
- 10. Pursue lifelong learning and foster a scientific mindset to generate new knowledge.

PROGRAMME-SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts, theoretical frameworks and models of communication in order to interpret various media-oriented perspectives in academic and professional settings.
- 2. Apply effective oral and written communicative skills to convey complex ideas with clarity and precision.
- 3. Integrate relevant skills, values and ethics of the profession in order to create engaging and insightful media content.

SEMESTER I

COURSE: Introduction to Communication & Mass Media

(Core)

TOTAL CREDIT: 04 L-T-P: 3-0-2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To introduce students to the fundamental role of communication in the shaping of societies.
- 2. To introduce students to the basic models and concepts of communication that have shaped our understanding of communication processes and mass media.
- 3. To encourage students to critically evaluate the concepts of media theory with real-time experience of media consumption.

COURSE OUTCOMES: By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate a critical understanding of the communication process, based on evidence and logic, in light of its social context and psychosocial impact of media on society.
- 2. Critically analyse the major theories of communication and mass communication.
- 3. Evaluate communication models and paradigms and apply them to analyse real-life situations and social phenomena.
- 4. Assess the socio-economic and political challenges emerging from the dominant structures of communication from a variety of approaches.
- **I. Understanding Communication:** Defining Communication; Functions of Communication; The 7Cs of Communication; Verbal and Non-verbal Communication; Communication Patterns (one-way, two-way, one-to-one, one-to-many, many-to-many); Levels of Communication (Intrapersonal, Interpersonal, Group, Public, Organizational, Mass Communication); Mass Media vs New Media; Online Communication; Feedback; Barriers to Communication (Noise).
- **II. Models of Communication:** Linear Models (Aristotle's Rhetoric, Lasswell, Berlo's SMCR Model, Shannon-Weaver, Gerbner); Interactive Models (Westley and MacLean, Newcomb, Osgood-Schramm); Transactional Models (Barnlund); Indian Communication Theories (Sahridaya and Sadharanikaran, Natya Shastra).

III. Behaviorist Theories: The Concept of Mass(es); Media Effects: Hypodermic Needle, Two-Step/Multi Step Flow Theory; Gatekeeping; Psychological Theories: Individual Difference Theory, Selective Exposure, Selective Perception, Selective Retention and Cognitive Dissonance; Audience-centred Approach (Cultivation Theory, Agenda Setting Theory, Media Dependency Theory, Needs and Gratification Theory); Normative Theories (Authoritarian, Libertarian, Communist, Social Responsibility, Development); Powerful Effects of Media: Dominant Paradigm, Diffusion of Innovations, Spiral of Silence.

IV. Critical & Cultural Theories: Marxist approach; Hegemony (Gramsci); Political Economy & Frankfurt School (Adorno, Horkheimer & Habermas, and Fiske); Birmingham School (Richard Hoggart, Stuart Hall, Raymond Williams); Semiotics (Barthes); Power/Knowledge (Foucault); Public Sphere (Habermas); Spectacle & Simulacra (Debord, Baudrillard); Manufacturing Consent model (Chomsky); critical social media (Fuchs); McLuhan ('medium is the message'); Network Society (Castells).

Essential Readings:

Adorno, T.W. (2010). The Culture Industry: Selected essays on mass culture. Routledge.

Baran, S. J. & Davis, D. K. (2012). *Introduction to Mass Communication Theory: Foundations, Ferment and Future*. Cengage Learning.

DeFleur, M. L. & Ball-Rokeach, S. J. (1989). Theories of Mass Communication. Longman.

Kumar, K. J. (2020). Mass Communication in India. Jaico Publications.

McQuail, D. (2012). Mass Communication Theory. Sage.

Wood. J. T. (1997). Communication theories in action: An introduction. Wadsworth.

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SEMESTER I

COURSE: Podcast & Anchoring

(Core)

TOTAL CREDIT: 04 **L-T-P:** 2-0-4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To develop news gathering, writing and anchoring skills.
- 2. To acquire proficiency in hosting shows, including talk shows and TV debates.

3. To critically evaluate the practice and ethics of anchoring and podcasting.

COURSE OUTCOMES: After completing this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate a critical understanding of the fundamentals of anchoring and podcasting.
- 2. Apply the skills and techniques of professional anchoring to create live shows and professional news bulletins for electronic media.
- 3. Develop proficiency in writing professional scripts for podcasting.
- 4. Apply the appropriate methods, principles and skills to create compelling, high-quality podcasts.
- **I. Anchoring:** Presenting the Report; Studio Lead or Studio Throw; Opening & Sign Off; The Package; Stand-Ups; Anchoring Skills & Qualities; Multitasking & Knowledge of Different Fields; Objectivity; Dealing with contingencies; Sight reading; Building Credibility; Single vs Double Anchoring; Writing anchor script; pace & voice modulation; Interviewing Skills; Body language and camera facing techniques; Teleprompter skills; Headlines and Openers; Bumpers; The Update; Formats (live, package, via phone, reader, anchor byte, anchor visual, anchor graphics); legal and ethical aspects.
- **II. Introduction to Podcasting:** Introduction to audio storytelling; radio vs podcast; broadcast content vs podcast content; the audio platform & podcast landscape; defining your audience; planning and structuring podcasts; essential equipment and software.
- **III. Recording, Editing & Post-Production:** Recording techniques and best practices; story development; editing and post-production; audience engagement; sound effects and music; interviewing skills; researching for podcasts and expert interviews; scriptwriting and storyboarding; promoting work over internet and social media; fact-checking and proper sourcing; ethics for podcast journalism, media and social media.

Essential Readings:

Abel, J. (2015). Out on the Wire: The Storytelling Secrets of the New Masters of Radio. Broadway Books.

Kalra, R. J. (2012). The ABC of News Anchoring: A Guide for Aspiring Anchors. Pearson.

Keller, T. (2009). *Television News: A Handbook for Reporting, Writing, Shooting, Editing and Producing*. Holcomb Hathaway.

Swami, B. (2021). P for Podcast: Learn A to P of Podcasting. The Write Order Publications.

Walch, R. & Lafferty, M. (2006). Tricks of the Podcasting Masters. Que Publishing.

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SEMESTER II

COURSE: Fundamentals of Journalism & Reporting

(Core)

TOTAL CREDIT: 04 L-T-P: 2-0-4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of journalism and news reporting.
- 2. To enable students to report and write for all kinds of media through information gathering, processing and delivering.
- 3. To provide students with comprehensive knowledge of the editing and production process and enable them, through hands-on-training, to practice editing and production work for various forms of media writing.

COURSE OUTCOMES: After completing this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate a critical understanding of the reporting, writing, editing and production processes as applicable to various forms of media.
- 2. Identify and evaluate core news values as well as organize a story according to the hard news structure.
- 3. Demonstrate proficiency in interviewing, newsgathering and writing skills for various types of news stories and features for print, electronic and digital media.
- 4. Critically analyse current events and evaluate their significance in order to translate them into stimulating news stories.
- I. Introduction to Journalism: Defining Journalism; Principles of Journalism; Role of Journalism in Society: Journalism and Democracy: Concept of Fourth Estate; Functions of Journalism: Adversarial Journalism; Transparency and accountability; Types of Journalism: Watchdog Journalism; Advocacy Journalism; Investigative Journalism; Data Journalism; Community Journalism; Development Journalism; Citizen Journalism; Alternative Journalism; Gonzo Journalism; Non-profit Journalism; Entrepreneurial Journalism; Embedded Journalism; Parachute Journalism; Yellow Journalism; PR Journalism; Tabloid Journalism; Activism vs Journalism.

II. Understanding News: Definition; Elements; Types of news: Hard and Soft; News Leads and their types; Inverted pyramid style, feature style, sand clock style and nut graph; News Terminologies (Beat, Broadsheet, Tabloid, Dateline, Credit line / Byline; Caption, Folio, ear panel, Gutter, Masthead, Blurb, Put the Paper to Bed, Standalone, News hole); Types of news; Differences in news for Newspapers, TV, Radio, Websites; Cultivating, verifying and dealing with sources of news.

III. Traditional Newsroom Set-up: Role, function and qualities of a Reporter, Chief Reporter and Bureau Chief; Role, importance and ethics of news sourcing; Integrated News Room; Beat Reporting (City and local news; Crime Reporting; Reporting Political Parties and Politics; Legal Reporting); Specialized reporting (Science & Technology; Education; Art & Culture; Environment; Entertainment, Fashion & Lifestyle; Sports; Health; Conflict Reporting).

IV. Techniques of Reporting: Observations, Documents & Talk; Types of documents, Firsthand observation, Importance of Interviews; The art of interviewing; Direct Quotes, Reported Speech, Partial Quotes; Other genres of news: Backgrounder/Curtain Raiser, Sketch, Opinion Piece, Diary Items, Profile, Vox Pop, Reviews, Sourcing the News; Quotes & Attributions, Types of Attributions, Embargo, Pool Reporting Reporter - Functions & responsibilities; Qualities of a good reporter; Essential skills of a new-age journalist; Challenge of reporting from North-East India; Covering meetings, press conferences, reports, speeches, eye-witness reporting; Reporting the unforeseen: accidents, fires, demonstrations etc.

V. Understanding Editing: Editing: concept, process and significance; Editorial Values: objectivity, facts, impartiality and balance; Concept of news and news making; Difference between newspaper/ radio and TV copy editing; Challenges for the Editor: Bias, slants and pressures; News value and other parameters; Handling of news copy; Planning and visualization of news; Rewriting news stories; Headlines and intro; Stylebook and Stylesheet; Use of synonyms and abbreviations; Importance of Grammar; Fact checking and fake news.

PRACTICALS: Speech/meeting reporting, event reporting, covering writing based on press releases, follow-ups on major stories; press conferences; interviews, obituaries, profiles based on field assignments; Production of Lab Journal.

Essential Readings:

Bowles, A. D. (2011). Creative Editing. Wadsworth.

Boyd, A. (1994). Broadcast Journalism: Techniques of Radio and Television News. Focal Press.

de Botton, A. (2014). The News: A User's Manual. Pantheon.

Hicks, W. & Homes, T. (2002). Sub-editing and Production for Journalists. Routledge.

Kamath, M.V. (2018). Professional Journalism. S Chand.

Keeble, R. & Reeves, I. (2015). The Newspaper's Handbook. Routledge.

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SEMESTER II

COURSE: Introduction to New Media

(Core)

TOTAL CREDIT: 04 **L-T-P:** 2-0-4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To explain the rise of new media, its origin and evolution as well as critically evaluate its impact on society.
- 2. To clearly distinguish new media, in terms of form, characteristics and ethics, from print and electronic media and analyse the changing media climate.
- 3. To impart the essential skills of new media journalism, including mobile journalism, blogging and website production.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge of the new media and the skills and techniques required to produce content for new media.
- 2. Demonstrate proficiency in producing engaging stories via mobile journalism.
- 3. Apply the appropriate new media skills and for creating and maintaining interactive blogs and websites.
- 4. Critically evaluate new media and digital technologies with respect to their beneficial and harmful effects on society.
- **I. Internet & New Media:** Origin of internet and web; Internet in India, growth & connectivity; Characteristics of internet, Networking, Domain name, Browsers, HTML; Web 1.0, Web 2.0 and Web 3.0; Concept of Cyberspace; Definition and characteristics of new media; Digital, Interactive, Hypertextual, Virtual, Networked, Simulated; Usages of new media; Different types of new media.

- II. Computer-Mediated Communication: Computer Mediated Communication (CMC), Types; Online journalism (News Portals, Chat, Video, Podcasting, Livecasting); Theories of Media consumption; User-generated Content (Weblogs, YouTube); The 'Prosumer'; New Media & Democracy; Search Engine Optimization (SEO); Social Media; Concept of New Media Literacy; Fact-finding; Digital Revolution; Digital convergence & social implications; Information Society; Surveillance society; E-learning; Web commerce; Telecom industry in India; Immersive journalism; Virtual Realism; New Media & Hyperrealism.
- **III. Mobile Journalism:** Convergence in mobile media; Vertical storytelling; Mobile Journalism (MoJo); Tools of Mobile Journalism; Apps & Sound Recording; SCRAP- Elements of MoJo storytelling; MoJo Interviewing; Post-production.
- **IV. Writing for New Media:** Overview of Web writing; Linear vs. nonlinear form; Writing for the screen vs. writing for print; Webpage writing techniques.
- **V. Critical issues in New Media:** Cyber-crimes; Pornography; Privacy; Internet censorship; Ethical and legal dimensions; Ease of plagiarism; Artificial Intelligence & algorithmic/robot journalism.

Essential Readings:

Adornato, Anthony C. (2017). Mobile & Social Media Journalism: A Practical Guide. CQ Press.

Buram, I. & Quinn, S. (2016). MOJO: The Mobile Journalism Handbook. Routledge.

Chawla, A. (2021). New Media and Online Journalism. Pearson Education.

Dizard, W. (1999). Old Media New Media: Mass Communications in the Information Age. Allyn & Bacon.

Castells, M. (2004) (ed). *The Network Society: a cross-cultural perspective*. Edward Elgar Publishing.

Schmidt, E. & Cohen, J. (2013). The New Digital Age. John Murray.
